# **Newtown N.S. Anti-Bullying Policy**

- 1. In accordance with the requirements of the Education (Welfare) Act 2000 and the code of behaviour guidelines issued by the National Educational Welfare Board (NEWB), the Board of Management of Newtown National School has **adopted the following anti-bullying policy** within the framework of the school's overall code of behaviour. This policy fully complies with the requirements of the Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools which were published in September 2013.
- **2.** The Board of Management recognises the very serious nature of bullying and the negative impact that it can have on the lives of pupils and is therefore fully committed to the following **key principles of best practice** in preventing and tackling bullying behaviour:

#### (a) A positive school culture and climate which

- is welcoming of difference and diversity and is based on inclusivity;
- encourages pupils to disclose and discuss incidents of bullying behaviour in a nonthreatening environment; and
- promotes respectful relationships across the school community;

#### Key elements of a positive school culture and climate

- The school acknowledges the right of each member of the school community to enjoy school in a secure environment.
- The school acknowledges the uniqueness of each individual and his/her worth as a human being.
- The school promotes positive habits of self-respect, self-discipline and responsibility among all its members.
- The school prohibits vulgar, offensive, sectarian or other aggressive behaviour or language by any of its members.
- The school has a clear commitment to promoting equity in general and gender equity in particular in all aspects of its functioning.
- The school has the capacity to change in response to pupils' needs.
- The school identifies aspects of the curriculum through which positive and lasting influences can be exerted towards forming pupils' attitudes and values.
- The school takes particular care of "at risk" pupils and uses its monitoring systems to facilitate early intervention where necessary and it responds to the needs, fears or anxieties of individual members in a sensitive manner.
- The school recognises the need to work in partnership with and keep parents informed on procedures to improve relationships on a school-wide basis.
- The school recognises the role of parents in equipping the pupil with a range of lifeskills.
- The school recognises the role of other community agencies in preventing and dealing with bullying.
- The school promotes habits of mutual respect, courtesy and an awareness of the interdependence of people in groups and communities.
- The school promotes qualities of social responsibility, tolerance and understanding among all its members both in school and out of school.
- Staff members share a collegiate responsibility, under the direction of the Principal, to act in preventing bullying/aggressive behaviour by any member of the school community.
- For more ideas which the school may employ, see Appendix 2.

- (b) Effective leadership
- (c) A school-wide approach
- (d) A shared understanding of what bullying is and its impact
- (e) Implementation of education and prevention strategies (including awareness raising measures) that-
  - · build empathy, respect and resilience in pupils; and
  - explicitly address the issues of cyber-bullying and identity-based bullying including in particular, homophobic and transphobic bullying;
  - · effective supervision and monitoring of pupils;
- (f) Effective supervision and monitoring of pupils
- (g) Supports for staff
- (h) Consistent recording, investigation and follow up of bullying behaviour (including use of established intervention strategies); and
- (i) On-going evaluation of the effectiveness of the anti-bullying policy.
- **3.** In accordance with the *Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools* bullying is defined as follows:

Bullying is unwanted negative behaviour, verbal, psychological or physical conducted, by an individual or group against another person (or persons) and which is repeated over time.

The following types of bullying behaviour are included in the definition of bullying:

- deliberate exclusion, malicious gossip and other forms of relational bullying,
- cyber-bullying and
- identity-based bullying such as homophobic bullying, racist bullying, bullying based on a
  person's membership of the Traveller community and bullying of those with disabilities or
  special educational needs.

Isolated or once-off incidents of intentional negative behaviour, including a once-off offensive or hurtful text message or other private messaging, do not fall within the definition of bullying and should be dealt with, as appropriate, in accordance with the school's code of behaviour.

However, in the context of this policy, placing a once-off offensive or hurtful public message, image or statement on a social network site or other public forum/app where that message, image or statement can be viewed and/or repeated by other people will be regarded as bullying behaviour.

Negative behaviour that does not meet this definition of bullying will be dealt with in accordance with the school's code of behaviour.

Additional information on different types of bullying is set out in Section 2 of the *Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools*.

#### **Examples of bullying behaviours**

(The list of examples below is non exhaustive.)

General behaviours which apply to all types of bullying	<ul> <li>Harassment based on any of the nine grounds in the equality legislation e.g. sexual harassment, homophobic bullying, racist bullying etc.</li> <li>Physical aggression</li> <li>Damage to property</li> <li>Name calling</li> <li>Slagging</li> <li>The production, display or circulation of written words, pictures or other materials aimed at intimidating another person</li> <li>Offensive graffiti</li> <li>Extortion</li> <li>Intimidation</li> <li>Insulting or offensive gestures</li> <li>The "look"</li> <li>Invasion of personal space</li> <li>A combination of any of the types listed.</li> </ul>
Cyber	<ul> <li>Denigration: Spreading rumours, lies or gossip to hurt a person's reputation</li> <li>Harassment: Continually sending vicious, mean or disturbing messages to an individual</li> <li>Impersonation: Posting offensive or aggressive messages under another person's name</li> <li>Flaming: Using inflammatory or vulgar words to provoke an online fight</li> <li>Trickery: Fooling someone into sharing personal information which you then post online</li> <li>Outing: Posting or sharing confidential or compromising information or images</li> <li>Exclusion: Purposefully excluding someone from an online group</li> <li>Cyber stalking: Ongoing harassment and denigration that causes a person considerable fear for his/her safety</li> <li>Silent telephone/mobile phone call</li> <li>Abusive text messages</li> <li>Abusive text messages</li> <li>Abusive email</li> <li>Abusive communication on social networks or Apps e.g. Facebook/Ask.fm/ Twitter/Snap Chat/You Tube or on games consoles</li> <li>Abusive website comments/Blogs/Pictures</li> <li>Abusive posts on any form of communication technology</li> </ul>

## **Identity Based Behaviours**

Including any of the nine discriminatory grounds mentioned in Equality Legislation (gender including transgender, civil status, family status, sexual orientation, religion, age, disability, race and membership of the Traveller community).

Homophobic and Transgender	<ul> <li>Spreading rumours about a person's sexual orientation</li> <li>Taunting a person of a different sexual orientation</li> <li>Name calling e.g. Gay, queer, lesbianused in a derogatory manner</li> <li>Physical intimidation or attacks</li> <li>Threats</li> </ul>
Race, nationality, ethnic background and membership of the Traveller community	<ul> <li>Discrimination, prejudice, comments or insults about colour, nationality, culture, social class, religious beliefs, ethnic or traveller background</li> <li>Exclusion on the basis of any of the above</li> </ul>
Relational	This involves manipulating relationships as a means of bullying. Behaviours include:  Malicious gossip Isolation & exclusion Ignoring Excluding from the group Taking someone's friends away "Bitching" Spreading rumours Breaking confidence Talking loud enough so that the victim can hear The "look" Use or terminology such as 'nerd' in a derogatory way
Sexual	<ul> <li>Unwelcome or inappropriate sexual comments or touching</li> <li>Harassment</li> </ul>
Special Educational Needs, Disability	<ul> <li>Name calling</li> <li>Taunting others because of their disability or learning needs</li> <li>Taking advantage of some pupils' vulnerabilities and limited capacity to recognise and defend themselves against bullying</li> <li>Taking advantage of some pupils' vulnerabilities and limited capacity to understand social situations and social cues.</li> <li>Mimicking a person's disability</li> <li>Setting others up for ridicule</li> </ul>

**4.** The relevant teacher(s) for investigating and dealing with bullying is (are) as follows: (see Section 6.8 of the Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools):

The Relevant Teachers in this school are:

Any teacher may act as a relevant teacher if circumstances warrant it.

**5.** The education and prevention strategies (including strategies specifically aimed at cyberbullying, homophobic and transphobic bullying) that will be used by the school are as follows:

#### Sample Education and prevention strategies

(The below list is not exhaustive)

#### School-wide approach

- A school-wide approach to the fostering of respect for all members of the school community.
- The promotion of the value of diversity to address issues of prejudice and stereotyping, and highlight the unacceptability of bullying behaviour.
- The fostering and enhancing of the self-esteem of all our pupils through both curricular and extracurricular activities. Pupils will be provided with opportunities to develop a positive sense of self-worth through formal and informal interactions.
- Whole staff professional development on bullying to ensure that all staff develops an awareness of what bullying is, how it impacts on pupils' lives and the need to respond to itprevention and intervention.
- An annual audit of professional development needs with a view to assessing staff requirements through internal staff knowledge/expertise and external sources
- Professional development with specific focus on the training of the relevant teacher(s)
- School wide awareness raising and training on all aspects of bullying, to include pupils, parent(s)/guardian(s) and the wider school community.
- Supervision and monitoring of classrooms, corridors, school grounds, school tours and extracurricular activities. Non-teaching and ancillary staff will be encouraged to be vigilant and report issues to relevant teachers. Supervision will also apply to monitoring student use of communication technology within the school.
- Development and promotion of an Anti-Bullying code for the school-to be displayed publicly in classrooms and in common areas of the school.
- The school's anti-bullying policy is discussed with pupils and all parent(s)/guardian(s)s are aware that our Anti-Bullying Policy and Code of Behaviour is available to be viewed at any time on the school website. A hard copy is available on request.
- The implementation of an annual Anti-Bullying Awareness Day, (Term 2 in conjunction with our Stay Safe programme), which focuses on the promotion of friendship, and bullying prevention.
- Occasionally, parent(s)/guardian(s) seminars may be made available, organised either by the school or by the Parent Association.
- At every school assembly, the Anti-Bullying Code will be read out for the children as a reminder.
- Encourage a culture of telling, with particular emphasis on the importance of bystanders. In that way pupils will gain confidence in 'telling'. This confidence factor is of vital importance. It should be made clear to all pupils that when they report incidents of bullying they are not considered to be telling tales but are behaving responsibly. Children will be taught the difference between 'Tootling' and 'Tattling' ('Tootling' refers to telling to help someone in distress, whereas 'Tattling' is telling to get someone into trouble). Children will also be taught to be 'Upstanders' rather than 'Bystanders'.
- Ensuring that pupils know who to tell and how to tell, e.g.:
  - O Direct approach to teacher at an appropriate time, for example after class.
  - Hand note up with homework.
  - Make a phone call to the school.
  - Tootle Jar

- Get a parent(s)/guardian(s) or friend to tell on your behalf.
- Administer a confidential questionnaire once a term to all pupils from 3<sup>rd</sup> -6<sup>th</sup>
   Class.
- Ensure bystanders understand the importance of telling if they witness or know that bullying is taking place. By-standing and not telling is as serious as bullying itself.
- The school has identified a clear protocol to encourage parent(s)/guardian(s) to approach the school if they suspect that their child is being bullied.

#### What to do if you suspect your child is being bullied:

- ✓ Make an appointment with your child's class teacher to discuss your concerns. The class teacher must always be your first port of call.
- ✓ Inform the teacher that this is a bullying concern you wish to discuss.
- ✓ Stay calm.
- ✓ Allow time for the school to investigate the incident.
- ✓ Refrain from approaching the other parties involved (child or parents).
- The development of an Acceptable Use Policy in the school to include the necessary steps to ensure that the access to technology within the school is strictly monitored, as is the pupils' use of mobile phones.
- The listing of supports currently being used in the school and the identification of other supports available to the school e.g. Webwise.ie, Stay Safe, Walk Tall, Alive-O, RSE programme.

#### Implementation of curricula

- The full implementation of the Social, Personal & Health Education (SPHE) curriculum and the Relationships & Sexuality Education (RSE) and Stay Safe Programmes.
- Continuous Professional Development for staff in delivering these programmes.
- School wide delivery of lessons on bullying from evidence based programmes, e.g. Stay Safe Programme, The Walk Tall Programme.
- School wide delivery of lessons on Relational aggression (Stay Safe), Cyber Bullying (Web wise Primary teachers' resources), Homophobic and Transphobic Bullying (Stay Safe, RSE programme) Diversity and Interculturalism, (Walk Tall, http://www.primaryresources.co.uk/pshe/pshe1.htm#bullying).
- Subject to availability, we will host visits from our local Community Gardaí, who will cover issues around personal safety and cyber-bullying.
- The school will specifically consider the additional needs of SEN pupils with regard to
  programme implementation and the development of skills and strategies to enable all pupils
  to respond appropriately.
- The school will implement the advice in "Sexual Orientation advice for schools"-see Appendix 1.
- For more ideas which the school may employ, see Appendix 2.

#### Links to other policies

- The following school policies, practices and activities are particularly relevant to bullying: Code of Behaviour, Child Protection policy, Supervision of pupils, Acceptable Use policy, Attendance, SPHE curriculum and programmes, Grow In Love Programme, sporting activities, school tours, playing on the yard, and all pupil interaction.
- **6.** The school's procedures for investigation, follow-up and recording of bullying behaviour and the established intervention strategies used by the school for dealing with cases of bullying behaviour are as follows (see Section 6.8 of the Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools):

#### 6.8.9. Procedures for Investigating and Dealing with Bullying

The primary aim in investigating and dealing with bullying is to resolve any issues and to restore, as far as is practicable, the relationships of the parties involved (rather than to apportion blame);

#### The school's procedures must be consistent with the following approach.

Every effort will be made to ensure that all involved (including pupils, parent(s)/guardian(s)) understand this approach from the outset.

#### Reporting bullying behaviour

- Any pupil or parent(s)/guardian(s) may bring a bullying incident to any teacher in the school.
- All reports, including anonymous reports of bullying, will be investigated and dealt with by the relevant teacher.
- Teaching and non-teaching staff such as secretaries, special needs assistants (SNAs), cleaners
  must report any incidents of bullying behaviour witnessed by them, or mentioned to them,
  to the relevant teacher.

#### Investigating and dealing with incidents: Style of approach

- In investigating and dealing with bullying, the (relevant)teacher will exercise his/her
  professional judgement to determine whether bullying has occurred and how best the
  situation might be resolved;
- Parent(s)/guardian(s) and pupils are required to co-operate with any investigation and assist
  the school in resolving any issues and restoring, as far as is practicable, the relationships of
  the parties involved as quickly as possible;
- Teachers should take a calm, unemotional problem-solving approach.
- Where possible incidents should be investigated outside the classroom situation to ensure the privacy of all involved;
- All interviews should be conducted with sensitivity and with due regard to the rights of all
  pupils concerned. Pupils who are not directly involved can also provide very useful
  information in this way;
- When analysing incidents of bullying behaviour, the relevant teacher should seek answers to
  questions of what, where, when, who and why. This should be done in a calm manner,
  setting an example in dealing effectively with a conflict in a non-aggressive manner;
- If a group is involved, each member should be interviewed individually at first. Thereafter, all those involved should be met as a group. At the group meeting, each member should be asked for his/her account of what happened to ensure that everyone in the group is clear about each other's statements;
- Each member of a group should be supported through the possible pressures that may face them from the other members of the group after the interview by the teacher;
   It may also be appropriate or helpful to ask those involved to write down their account of the incident(s)
- In cases where it has been determined by the relevant teacher that bullying behaviour has occurred, the parent(s)/guardian(s) of the parties involved should be contacted at an early stage to inform them of the matter and explain the actions being taken (by reference to the school policy). The school should give parent(s)/guardian(s) an opportunity of discussing ways in which they can reinforce or support the actions being taken by the school and the supports provided to the pupils;
- Where the relevant teacher has determined that a pupil has been engaged in bullying behaviour, it should be made clear to him/her how he/she is in breach of the school's anti-

- bullying policy and efforts should be made to try to get him/her to see the situation from the perspective of the pupil being bullied;
- It must also be made clear to all involved (each set of pupils and parent(s)/guardian(s)) that in any situation where disciplinary sanctions are required, this is a private matter between the pupil being disciplined, his or her parent(s)/guardian(s) and the school;

#### Follow up and recording

- In determining whether a bullying case has been adequately and appropriately addressed the relevant teacher must, as part of his/her professional judgement, take the following factors into account:
  - Whether the bullying behaviour has ceased;
  - Whether any issues between the parties have been resolved as far as is practicable;
  - -Whether the relationships between the parties have been restored as far as is practicable;
  - -Any feedback received from the parties involved, their parent(s)/guardian(s)s or the school Principal or Deputy Principal
- Follow-up meetings with the relevant parties involved should be arranged separately with a
  view to possibly bringing them together at a later date if the pupil who has been bullied is
  ready and agreeable.
- Where a parent(s)/guardian(s) is not satisfied that the school has dealt with a bullying case in accordance with these procedures, the parent(s)/guardian(s) must be referred, as appropriate, to the school's complaints procedures.
- In the event that a parent(s)/guardian(s) has exhausted the school's complaints procedures and is still not satisfied, the school must advise the parent(s)/guardian(s) of their right to make a complaint to the Ombudsman for Children.

#### Recording of bullying behaviour

It is imperative that all recording of bullying incidents must be done in an objective and factual manner.

The school's procedures for noting and reporting bullying behaviour are as follows:

#### Informal- pre-determination that bullying has occurred

- All staff must keep a written record of any incidents witnessed by them or notified to them. Written records are stored in the Incidents of Bullying Folder. All incidents must be reported to the relevant teacher
- While all reports, including anonymous reports of bullying must be investigated and
  dealt with by the relevant teacher, the relevant teacher must keep a written record of
  the reports, the actions taken and any discussions with those involved regarding same
- The relevant teacher must inform the principal of all incidents being investigated.

#### Formal Stage 1-determination that bullying has occurred

- If it is established by the relevant teacher that bullying has occurred, the relevant teacher must keep appropriate written records which will assist his/her efforts to resolve the issues and restore, as far as is practicable, the relationships of the parties involved.
- The school in consultation with the relevant teacher/s should develop a protocol for the storage of all records retained by the relevant teacher.

#### Formal Stage 2-Appendix 3 (From DES Procedures)

The relevant teacher must use the recording template at **Appendix 3** to record the bullying behaviour in the following circumstances:

- a) in cases where he/she considers that the bullying behaviour has not been adequately and appropriately addressed within 20 school days after he/she has determined that bullying behaviour occurred; and
- b) Where the school has decided as part of its anti-bullying policy that all bullying behaviour must be recorded and reported immediately to the Principal or Deputy Principal as applicable.

The school should list behaviours that must be recorded and reported immediately to the principal. These should be in line with the school's code of behaviour.

When the recording template is used, it must be retained by the relevant teacher in question and a copy maintained by the principal in the Incidents of Bullying Folder. This folder will be kept in a locked school area. All records pertaining to the incident will be kept in this folder, including Appendix 3.

#### **Established intervention strategies**

- Teacher interviews with all pupils
- Negotiating agreements between pupils and following these up by monitoring progress. This can be on an informal basis or implemented through a more structured mediation process
- Working with parent(s)/guardian(s)s to support school interventions
- No Blame Approach
- Circle Time
- Restorative interviews
- Restorative conferencing
- Implementing questionnaires, depending on class level
- 7. The school's programme of support for working with pupils affected by bullying is as follows (see Section 6.8.16 of the Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools):
  - All in-school supports and opportunities will be provided for the pupils affected by bullying to participate in activities designed to raise their self-esteem, to develop friendships and social skills and build resilience e.g.
    - Pastoral care system
    - Buddy / Peer mentoring system
    - Group work such as circle time
  - If pupils require counselling of further supports the school will endeavour to inform parents of appropriate agencies who can help. This may be for the pupil affected by bullying or involved in the bullying behaviour.
  - Pupils should understand that there are no innocent bystanders and that all incidents of bullying behaviour must be reported to a teacher.

#### 8. Supervision and Monitoring of Pupils

The Board of Management confirms that appropriate supervision and monitoring policies and practices are in place to both prevent and deal with bullying behaviour and to facilitate early intervention where possible.

#### 9. Prevention of Harassment

The Board of Management confirms that the school will, in accordance with its obligations under equality legislation, take all such steps that are reasonably practicable to prevent the sexual harassment of pupils or staff or the harassment of pupils or staff on any of the nine grounds specified, ie, gender including transgender, civil status, family status, sexual orientation, religion, age, disability, race and membership of the Traveller community.

Parents also play an extremely important role in prevention of bullying and in particular, Cyberbullying. (See Appendix 4.)

- 10. This policy was adopted by the Board of Management in March 2014.
- 11. This policy has been made available to school personnel, published on the school website, is available in hard copy to parents and pupils on request and has been provided to the Parents Association. A copy of this policy will be made available to the Department and the patron if requested.
- 12. This policy and its implementation will be reviewed by the Board of Management once in every school year. Written notification that the review has been completed will be made available to school personnel, published on the school website and provided to the Parents Association. A record of the review and its outcome will be made available, if requested, to the patron and the Department.

Signed: Gerry Boyle (Chairperson, Board of Management)

Date: 6/12/2021

Signed: B. O'Sullume (Principal)

Date: 6 Dec. 2021 Date: 6/12/2021

Date of review: December 2022

### Appendix 2 Practical tips for building a positive school culture and climate

The following are some practical tips for immediate actions that can be taken to help build a positive school culture and climate and to help prevent and tackle bullying behaviour.

- Model respectful behaviour to all members of the school community at all times.
- Explicitly teach pupils what respectful language and respectful behaviour looks like, acts like, sounds like and feels like in class and around the school.
- Display key respect messages in classrooms, in assembly areas and around the school.
   Involve pupils in the development of these messages.
- Catch them being good notice and acknowledge desired respectful behaviour by providing positive attention.
- Consistently tackle the use of discriminatory and derogatory language in the school this
  includes homophobic and racist language and language that is belittling of pupils with a
  disability or SEN.
- Give constructive feedback to pupils when respectful behaviour and respectful language are ignored.
- Have a system of encouragement and rewards to promote desired behaviour and compliance with the school rules and routines.
- Explicitly teach pupils about the appropriate use of social media.
- Positively encourage pupils to comply with the school rules on mobile phone and internet use. Follow up and follow through with pupils who ignore the rules.
- Actively involve parents and/or the Parents' Association in awareness raising campaigns around social media.
- Actively promote the right of every member of the school community to be safe and secure in school.
- Highlight and explicitly teach school rules in pupil friendly language in the classroom and in common areas.
- All staff can actively watch out for signs of bullying behaviour.
- Ensure there is adequate playground/school yard/outdoor supervision.
- School staff can get pupils to help them to identify bullying "hot spots" and "hot times" for bullying in the school. "Hot spots2 tend to be in the playground/school yard/outdoor areas, changing rooms, corridors and other areas of unstructured supervision. "Hot times" again tend to be times where there is less structured supervision such as when pupils are in the playground/school yard or moving classrooms.

# Appendix 1 SEXUAL ORIENTATION – ADVICE FOR PRIMARY SCHOOLS

#### **GENERAL POINTS**

- Schools can foster a culture that is accepting of difference. This can be expressed where appropriate, rather than making the assumption that everyone understands it.
- An integral part of RSE is learning to respect others; this will include respect for families or individuals who are different from the norm.
- The Equal Status Acts 2000 and 2004 provide protection against discrimination on nine grounds, one of which is sexual orientation. The Acts oblige those who manage schools to protect students and staff from discrimination or sexual harassment.
- If children are using the word 'gay' in a negative fashion it is better not to ignore it in the hope that it will go away. The same advice would apply for any instance of bullying.
- Schools are advised to develop a strategy for responding to children who have questions about sexual orientation or who are taunting others about being gay. This should be done in the context of the school's ethos and RSE policy and with the awareness that primary school children are probably too young to engage in any detailed discussion of sexual identity.

#### PRACTICAL SUGGESTIONS

- Depending on the context and the age group of the children, the teacher could ask a child or a class group what they mean by the word 'gay'
- A school could decide on a response to this question, such as 'The majority of people are attracted to people of the opposite sex. This is called being heterosexual. Some people are attracted to people of the same sex. This is called being homosexual or gav.'
- To give factual information like this in an open and straightforward way may help to remove the secrecy which is necessary for any bullying to flourish.
- Homophobic insults should be treated in exactly the same way as racist or other insults the teacher can calmly explain to the child that such insults are hurtful to the other person and are not acceptable.
- Schools promote a culture of communication which actively discourages abusive name calling.

# Appendix 3 Template for recording bullying behaviour

Name(s) and class(es) of pupil(s) engaged in bullying behaviour  3. Source of bullying concern/report Pupil concerned Other Pupil Parent Teacher Other  Name of person (s) who reported the bullying concern  Type of Bullying Behaviour (tick relevant box(es))*  Physical Aggression Damage to Property Solation/Exclusion Name Calling  Other (specify)  Where behaviour is regarded as identity-based bullying, indicate the relevant category:	. Name of pu	pil being bullied a	and class gro	up			
3. Source of bullying concern/report Pupil concerned Other Pupil Parent Teacher Other Other  Name of person (s) who reported the bullying concern  Type of Bullying Behaviour (tick relevant box(es))*  Physical Aggression Damage to Property Intimidation Solation/Exclusion Name Calling  Where behaviour is regarded as identity-based bullying, indicate the relevant category: Homophobic Disability / SEN related  Sensor in the property Racist Membership of Traveller community  8.Brief description of bullying behaviour and its impact  [Signed: (Relevant Teacher) Date:	Vame			Class			
Pupil concerned Other Pupil Parent Classroom Corridor Toilets Cloakroom School Bus Other Other  Type of Bullying Behaviour (tick relevant box(es))*  Physical Aggression Cyber-bullying Damage to Property Intimidation Solation/Exclusion Malicious Gossip Other (specify)  Where behaviour is regarded as identity-based bullying, indicate the relevant category:  Homophobic Disability Racist Membership of Traveller community  8.Brief description of bullying behaviour and its impact  9.Details of actions taken  [Signed: (Relevant Teacher) Date:	. Name(	(s) and class(es) o	of pupil(s) en	gaged in bu	llying behaviour		
Pupil concerned Other Pupil Parent Classroom Corridor Toilets Cloakroom School Bus Other Other  Type of Bullying Behaviour (tick relevant box(es))*  Physical Aggression Cyber-bullying Damage to Property Intimidation Solation/Exclusion Malicious Gossip Other (specify)  Where behaviour is regarded as identity-based bullying, indicate the relevant category:  Homophobic Disability Racist Membership of Traveller community  8.Brief description of bullying behaviour and its impact  9.Details of actions taken  [Signed: (Relevant Teacher) Date:							
Pupil concerned Other Pupil Parent Classroom Corridor Toilets Cloakroom School Bus Other Other  Type of Bullying Behaviour (tick relevant box(es))*  Physical Aggression Cyber-bullying Damage to Property Intimidation Solation/Exclusion Malicious Gossip Other (specify)  Where behaviour is regarded as identity-based bullying, indicate the relevant category:  Homophobic Disability Racist Membership of Traveller community  8.Brief description of bullying behaviour and its impact  9.Details of actions taken  [Signed: (Relevant Teacher) Date:							
Pupil concerned Other Pupil Parent Classroom Corridor Toilets Cloakroom School Bus Other Other  Type of Bullying Behaviour (tick relevant box(es))*  Physical Aggression Cyber-bullying Damage to Property Intimidation Solation/Exclusion Malicious Gossip Other (specify)  Where behaviour is regarded as identity-based bullying, indicate the relevant category:  Homophobic Disability Racist Membership of Traveller community  8.Brief description of bullying behaviour and its impact  9.Details of actions taken  [Signed: (Relevant Teacher) Date:							
Pupil concerned Other Pupil Playground Classroom Corridor Teacher Other Property Cloakroom School Bus Other	3. Source	e of bullying conc	ern/report	4. Loc	ation of incidents (tic	k relevant boxes)*	
Other Pupil Parent Teacher Other Other  Name of person (s) who reported the bullying concern  Type of Bullying Behaviour (tick relevant box(es))*  Physical Aggression Damage to Property Intimidation Solation/Exclusion Name Calling  Other (specify)  Where behaviour is regarded as identity-based bullying, indicate the relevant category:  Homophobic Disability / Racist Membership of Traveller community  8.Brief description of bullying behaviour and its impact  9.Details of actions taken  [Signed: (Relevant Teacher) Date:					Playground		
Parent Teacher Other Other  Name of person (s) who reported the bullying concern  Type of Bullying Behaviour (tick relevant box(es))*  Physical Aggression Damage to Property Solation/Exclusion Name Calling  Where behaviour is regarded as identity-based bullying, indicate the relevant category:  Homophobic Disability / Racist SEN related  SEN related  SEN related  Physical Aggression Damage to Property Intimidation Solation/Exclusion Malicious Gossip Other (specify)  Where behaviour is regarded as identity-based bullying, indicate the relevant category:  Homophobic Disability / Racist SEN related  Physical Aggression Datesity of Cyber-bullying Thimidation Other (specify)  Where behaviour is regarded as identity-based bullying, indicate the relevant category:  Homophobic Disability / Racist Traveller community  8.Brief description of bullying behaviour and its impact  (Relevant Teacher) Date:  Date submitted to Principal/Deputy Principal:  Date submitted to Principal/Deputy Principal:							
Teacher Other  Toilets Cloakroom School Bus Other  Name of person (s) who reported the bullying concern  Type of Bullying Behaviour (tick relevant box(es))*  Physical Aggression Damage to Property Intimidation Solation/Exclusion Name Calling  Where behaviour is regarded as identity-based bullying, indicate the relevant category:  Homophobic Disability / Racist SEN related Traveller community  8.Brief description of bullying behaviour and its impact  9.Details of actions taken  [Signed: (Relevant Teacher) Date: Date submitted to Principal/Deputy Principal:							
Other  Cloakroom School Bus Other  Name of person (s) who reported the bullying concern  Type of Bullying Behaviour (tick relevant box(es))*  Physical Aggression Damage to Property Intimidation Solation/Exclusion Malicious Gossip Other (specify)  Where behaviour is regarded as identity-based bullying, indicate the relevant category:  Homophobic Disability / Racist SEN related Traveller community  8.Brief description of bullying behaviour and its impact  9.Details of actions taken  [Signed: (Relevant Teacher) Date: Date submitted to Principal/Deputy Principal:							
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Physical Aggression	realite or pe	noon (b) who xeps	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	., <i>-</i>			
Malicious Gossip	Physical Aggression  Damage to Property						
Where behaviour is regarded as identity-based bullying, indicate the relevant category:  Homophobic Disability / Racist Membership of Traveller community  8.Brief description of bullying behaviour and its impact  9.Details of actions taken  Signed:							
Homophobic Disability / SEN related Racist Membership of Traveller community  8.Brief description of bullying behaviour and its impact  9.Details of actions taken  Signed: (Relevant Teacher) Date:  Date submitted to Principal/Deputy Principal:				Othe	Other (specify)		
8.Brief description of bullying behaviour and its impact  9.Details of actions taken  Signed:		Disability /		Me	embership of	Other (specify)	
9.Details of actions taken  Signed:(Relevant Teacher) Date:  Date submitted to Principal/Deputy Principal:		SETTION			w. v.		
9.Details of actions taken  Signed:(Relevant Teacher) Date:  Date submitted to Principal/Deputy Principal:	8.Brief des	scription of bullyi	ng behaviou	r and its im	pact		
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Date submitted to Principal/Deputy Principal:	9.Details 0	of actions taken					
Date submitted to Principal/Deputy Principal:							
Date submitted to Principal/Deputy Principal:	Signed:		(Relev	vant Teache	r) Date:		
*Note: The categories listed in the tables 3. 4 & 6 are suggested and schools may add to	Date submi	tted to Principal/I	Deputy Princ	cipal:			
$\star$ Note: The categories listed in the tables 4. $\Delta$ X 6 are suggested and schools may add to	des a			2 4 6 6	, 1 1 1	.1	
these to suit their own circumstances.				3, 4 & 6 are	e suggested and school	ols may add to or am	

# Appendix 4

# **Parental Responsibility**

- That each parent acknowledges that the legal age for their children using Facebook is 13. The minimum age for SnapChat is also 13. Parents should always check the minimum age requirements on any game, app, social media site or website that their child is accessing.
- That each parent is aware that there may be risks and dangers associated to their child using forms of social media and that parental supervision in this area is of the utmost importance.
- That parents acknowledge the school has safeguards in place with regard to pupil internet/website access at school and that use outside school falls under parental responsibility.
- Parents acknowledge dangers of Cyber-bullying and undertake to avail where possible of any information evenings organised by school or Parent Association.